

## marathon tiga 800 SL, marathon tiga 1100 SL

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## General information

## Symbols



Exclamation mark:
Indicates a potential risk! Failure to follow instructions may result in serious injuries!


Note symbol:
Information, useful advice!


Refers to the relevant illustration in the introduction or main text.

This illustration of a button represents all types of buttons: such as key-activated buttons, pull-cord switches, etc...

## Preface

- During normal operation, this drive is always set to automatic closing mode.
- This drive unit does not include internal lighting.
- This drive is equipped with a radio receiver that differs from that of the marathon 800 SL + 1100 SL garage doors.
- The settings (e.g. Warning, clearing and door open times) of the drive can only be modified with a TorMinal device.


## Safety instructions

## General

- These installation and operating instructions must be read, understood, and complied with, by the person who installs, operates, or maintains the operator.
- Only specialised personnel should assemble, connect, and commission the operator.
- Only install the operator to correctly aligned and weight-balanced doors. An incorrectly aligned door can cause serious injury or damage to the operator.
- The manufacturer cannot be made liable for any damage or disruptions to operation occurring due to non-compliance with the Installation and Operating Instructions.
- Ensure that these Installation and Operating Instructions remain in the garage in an easily accessible location.
- Observe and comply with accident prevention directives and applicable standards in the respective countries.
- Observe and comply with the directive on "Power-driven Windows, Doors and Gates - BGR 232" issued by the Employers' Liability Insurance Association. (Applicable in Germany for the operator)
- Always disconnect (unplug) the operator from the mains supply before performing any work on the operator.
- Use only manufacturer's original replacement parts, accessories, and mounting material.


## Storage

- The operator may only be stored indoors, in a dry, enclosed environment at an ambient temperature between $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- The operator should be stored horizontally.



## Operation

- The operator may only be activated if a hazard-free force tolerance has been set, or if safety is ensured at all times through other safety fixtures. The force tolerance must be set as low as possible in order to ensure that the door's closing force does not constitute a danger, see section "Force setting".
- Keep your hands clear of a moving door or any moving parts.
- Keep children, disabled persons and animals away from the door.
- Only drive into the garage when the door is completely open and the signal light is green.
- There is a risk of persons getting trapped or cutting themselves in/on the door system's moving parts or the edges where it closes.
- If the door is not equipped with a slip door, or if there is no separate access to the garage, then install an emergency release system (emergency release lock or Bowden cable) that can be activated from outside of the garage.


## Radio remote control

- The radio remote control may only be used for equipment and systems where defective remote operation of the transmitter or receiver does not constitute a risk to people, animals or objects, or in cases where this risk is eliminated by means of additional safety fixtures.
- The user must be made aware of the fact that the remote control of equipment with accident risk potential may only occur, if at all, when the equipment concerned is clearly visible.
- Radio remote control may only be used if door travel can be supervised, and if there are no persons or objects in the travel range.
- Store the remote control transmitter so that there is no risk of it being accidentally activated; e.g. by children or animals.
- The operator of this radio-controlled equipment is in no way protected from interference from other telecommunications systems and facilities (e.g. other radio-controlled equipment that is licensed to operate at the same frequency range). Should serious interference be encountered, then please contact your nearest telecommunications office with interference measuring facilities (radio signal localisation)!
- Do not use the remote control transmitter near locations or installations that are susceptible to radio interference (such as airports or hospitals).


## Rating plate

The rating plate is located on the cover of the control unit housing. Exact type designation and date of manufacture (month/year) of the operator are indicated on the rating plate.

## General information

## Intended use

## Attention! There is a risk of injury or property damage!

 Always connect the slip-door safety mechanism to safety input 2 (terminals $8+9$ ). If the slip-door safety mechanism is connected to the trolley, then the operator will not recognise the door position.Caution! Risk to life and limb!
Remove all ropes and loops that are required for the manual operation of the door.

## Attention! Risk of serious damage to operator!

Do not open or close the door using the operator without first adjusting the balance weight (springs tensioned). Otherwise, the motor (gear system) might be seriously damaged.

- The operator is designed for the exclusive purpose of opening and closing doors. Any other use does not constitute intended use. Manufacturer is not liable for damages that arise due to non-intended use. The risk is borne solely by the operator. Non-intended use renders the warranty null and void.
- Doors operating automatically with an operator must comply with the standards and directives valid at the given time: e.g. EN 12604, EN 12605.
- The operator may only be used in a technically perfect condition, as intended, in a safety-conscious and hazard-conscious manner, in compliance with the installation and operating instructions.
- Malfunctions that can impair safety must be resolved immediately.
- The door must be stable and warp-proof, i.e. it should not bend or warp during opening or closing operations.
- The operator is unable to compensate for any defects in the door or for its incorrect installation.
- Only use the operator in a dry, indoor environment where there is no risk of explosion.
- Do not use the operator in rooms where a hostile environment prevails (e.g. salty air).


## Terms

## Abbreviations

GI Signal light green inside
RI Signal light red inside
GO Signal light green outside
RO Signal light red outside

## TorMinal

Programming device The door operator can be adjusted, or special functions can be set, with this unit. See "Accessories".

## "Teaching"

The operator "learns" the required time and the force that it requires to open and close the door. The operator stores these values, which remain intact even if there is a power failure.

## Door OPEN

The door opens or it is already opened.

## Door CLOSE

The door closes or it is already closed

## Warning time

Time prior to opening or closing; during this time the red signal lights flash and thus indicate that the operator is in motion:
Door OPEN:
Warning time can be adjusted with the TorMinal in a range from $0 . . .63 .75$ seconds, in intervals of 0.25 seconds, memory slot (mem) 027 . Factory setting is door OPEN: 4 seconds

Door CLOSE:
The warning time can be adjusted with the TorMinal in a range from $0 . .63 .75$ seconds, in intervals of 0.25 seconds, memory slot (mem) 027. Factory setting is door CLOSE: 5 seconds

## Hold open time

Time that the door remains open. The side (inside / outside) that initiated the command to open the door gets the green signal. The door can only be opened by a command issued via a push-button or remote control transmitter; it cannot be closed. When the door is opening, no command issued can stop it from doing so.
If the door is closing automatically and a command is reissued, then the door opens fully. Any command issued during the hold open time restarts the hold open time.
The hold open time can be adjusted with the TorMinal in a range from 2 ... 255 seconds, in 1 second increments, memory slot (mem) 031. Factory setting: 30 seconds

## Clearance time

Time in which the red signal lights are illuminated after expiration of the hold open time; thus providing time for the persons or vehicles who had the green light to clear the entries.
Clearance time can be adjusted with the TorMinal in a range from 0 ... 63.75 seconds, in 0.25 second increments, memory slot (mem) 032.
Factory setting: 10 seconds

## Inside

The side which is inside the garage or the parking area

## Outside

The side which is outside the garage or the parking area.

## Command inside

Radio channel 1 or button connection 1 on terminal $2+3$ (button line connected to the control unit)
Button or radio signal for opening the door from inside and thus drive authorisation for inside, signal light $(\mathrm{GI})$ is green.

## Command outside

Radio channel 2 or button connection 2 on terminal $4+5$
Button or radio signal for opening the door from outside and thus drive authorization for outside, signal light (GO) is green.

## Command side

The side (inside or outside) that issues a command.

## Functional description

The command inside/outside, which was first transmitted to the control unit, has priority, regardless of whether it was transmitted via radio or button connection.

Priority for "Command Outside" is set with DIP switch 3. As soon as "Command Outside" is received the hold open time for inside will be aborted and switched to drive authorization for outside after the clearance time.

## Operator behaviour at factory setting

## Behaviour after power connection

Door closed and operator "taught". All signal lights are switched off. Operator waits for a command from inside/outside. The first travel direction is always door OPEN; if the door is already open, then the operator recognises this and switches the signal light to green on the side that gave the command. Then the operator closes the door after the following individual times expire: Warning, clearance and hold open time.

## General information

## Behaviour after inside/outside command, door CLOSE

Sequence and display behaviour:

1. Command from inside/outside.
2. Door OPEN warning time starts. Red signal lights flash. Green signal lights are switched off.
3. The operator opens the door. Red signal lights light up. Green signal lights are switched off.
4. Door OPEN. Command side green signal light on. Red signal light is on for the other side.
5. The set hold open time expires.
6. Warning time starts for door CLOSE. Red signal light flashes on the command side. Red signal light lights up on the other side. Green signal lights are switched off.
7. Clearance time starts. Red signal lights switch on. Green signal lights are switched off.
8. The operator closes the door Red signal lights switch on. Green signal lights are switched off.
9. Door CLOSED All signal lights are switched off.

## Behaviour after command inside and then command outside, door CLOSE

Sequence and display behaviour:

1. Command from inside.
2. Door OPEN warning time starts. Red signal lights flash. Green signal lights are switched off.
3. The operator opens the door. Red signal lights light up. Green signal lights are switched off.
4. Door OPEN. Command side green signal light on. Red signal light is on for the other side.
5. Command from outside. The hold open time which was set for the previous command expires.
6. Clearance time starts. Red signal lights switch on. Green signal lights are switched off.
7. Outside gets drive authorization. Command side green signal light lights up. Red signal light is on for the other side.
8. The set hold open time expires.
9. Warning time starts for door CLOSE. Outside red signal light blinks. Inside red signal light lights up. Green signal lights are switched off.
10. Clearance time starts. Red signal lights switch on. Green signal lights are switched off.
11. The operator closes the door Red signal lights switch on. Green signal lights are switched off.
12. Door CLOSED All signal lights off.

## Maximum door dimensions*

marathon tiga
max. width:
-Up-and-over door 60008000 mm
-Sectional door:
Height (approx.):
-Up-and-over door:
Rail 2600 2600 2600 mm
-Sectional door: Rail 2600

Duration of operation

* door conforming to EN 12604, EN 12605
** with standard wing-door hinges prod. no. 1501. If a higher door is required, rails of the respective length must be ordered. Alternatively, the necessary height can be achieved by installing rail extensions (see accessories). Please contact your stockist for more information.


## Technical data

General

| Rated voltage: | $220 \ldots 240$ | AC V |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Rated frequency: | $50 / 60$ | Hz |
| Operating temperature range: | $-20 \ldots+50$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Safety class | IP 20 |  |
| Workplace-specific emission value $<75 \mathrm{dBA}$ - operator only |  |  |


| marathon tiga | $\mathbf{8 0 0} \mathbf{~ S L}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 0} \mathbf{S L}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| max. traction and pressure force: | 800 | 1100 | N |
| Rated traction | 240 | 330 | N |
| Rated current consumption: | 0,8 | 0,9 | A |
| Rated power consumption: | 160 | 190 | W |
| Max. speed: | 130 | 130 | $\mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ |
| Power consumption, stand-by: | $\sim 5$ | $\sim 5$ | W |
| Weight with rail 2600: | 18,5 | 19,0 | kg |
| Packaging (L x W x H): |  |  |  |
| -Rail 2600 | $1980 \times 240 \times 180$ | mm |  |

## EU Manufacturer's Declaration

The company
SOMMER Antriebs- und Funktechnik GmbH
Hans-Böckler-Straße 21-27
D-73230 Kirchheim/Teck
herewith declares that its operators:
-marathon tiga 800 SL
-marathon tiga 1100 SL
comply with the following directives:

- Machine Directive 98/37/EC
-Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC
-EU Directive for Electromagnetic Compatibility 89/336/EEC
The following standards/draft standards were particularly applied:
-EN 12 453:2000, EN 12 445:2000, EN 60204-1:1997, EN 954-1:1996
-DIN V VDE 0801, EN 60335-1:1994
Note:
The door system may not be commissioned until such time as it has been established that the system in which the given operator is to be installed, satisfies the specifications of all relevant EU directives.

Kirchheim, 16.03.04
Frank Sommer Managing Director


## EU Declaration of conformity

Messrs
SOMMER Antriebs- und Funktechnik GmbH
Hans-Böckler-Straße 21-27
D-73230 Kirchheim/Teck
herewith declares that the product identified below, if used properly, conforms to the requirements of article 3 of the R\&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC and that the following standards were applied in its production:

Product: RF Remote control for doors \& gates
Type:
-RM04-868-2, RM03-868-4, RX01-868-2/4, RFSDT-868-1, RFSW-868-1
-RM02-868-2, RM06-868-2, RM04-868-1, RM02-868-2-TIGA
-RM08-868-2, RM01-868, RM02-434-2, RM03-434-4, RM04-434-2
Applied directives and standards:
-ETSI EN 300220-1:09-2000, -3:09-2000
-ETSI EN 301489-1:07-2004, -3:08-2002
-DIN EN 60950-1:03-2003

Kirchheim/Teck, 04.08.2004 Frank Sommer
Managing Director


## Preparations for installation

## Safety instructions

- The power cable supplied as standard may neither be shortened nor lengthened.
- The power supply voltage must correspond to that indicated on the operator's rating plate.
- All devices requiring external connection must be equipped with safe contact separation as per IEC 364-4-41, in order to isolate them from the mains voltage supply.
- Live parts of the operator (voltage-carrying parts e.g. C-rails) may not be connected to earth or to the live parts, or to protective conductors of other circuits.
- IEC 364-4-41 must be observed when laying the external device conductors.


## Caution!

Risk to life and limb! Remove all ropes and loops that are required for the manual operation of the door.

## Installing the slip-door safety mechanism or release lock

- If your garage door is fitted with a slip door but not with a slip-door safety mechanism, then you need to have one installed (see "Accessories").
- If your door does not have a slip-door and your garage does not have a separate entrance, then install a release lock or Bowden cable for operator release from the outside (see "Accessories" instructions).


## Required tools



## Personal protective equipment



[^0]
## Scope of supply

- The scope of supply can vary according to the type of operator supplied.


1. $1 x$ control unit housing (with button line and power cord)
2. $1 x$ trolley
3. $2 x$ C-rails
4. $1 \times$ connecting piece
5. 1x switch trigger " H "
6. 1x switch trigger " $V$ "
7. 1x chain
8. $1 x$ connecting rod
9. $1 x$ door hinge
10. 1 x ceiling suspension bracket (for marathon tiga 1100 SL 2 units)
11. $1 x$ Installation and operating instructions
12. 1x assembly kit
13. $1 x$ signal light control unit
14. $1 x$ signal line ( 7 m )

## Safety instructions

- Installation, connection and initial operation of the operator may only be carried out by qualified specialists.
- Do not operate the door if people, animals or objects are in its range of travel.
- Keep children, disabled persons, and animals away from the door
- Safety goggles should be worn when drilling the mounting holes.
- Cover the operator when drilling to ensure that no grime penetrates the unit.

AThe walls and ceiling must be firm and stable. Only fit the operator to a correctly aligned door. A door that has not been aligned correctly can cause serious injuries.

- Doors must be stable because they are subjected to high traction and pressure forces. Light doors made of plastic or aluminium must be reinforced before installation if necessary. Ask your dealer for advice.
- Remove door locking system or disable same.
- Only use approved fixing material (e.g. plugs, screws). The fixing materials must be suitable to the wall and ceiling material.
- Check that the door runs easily.
- The door must be balanced.

Test: Manually open the door half-way. The door must remain in this position. If the door moves downward or upward, then mechanically readjust it. Ask your dealer for advice.

- Check the clearance between the door's highest up-position (DHP, see fig. 7) and the ceiling. The minimum clearance is 35 mm and the maximum clearance is 100 mm ; the push arm can be at a max angle of $30^{\circ}$. If clearance is less than that specified, then the operator must be shifted towards the rear and an extended operator rail must be fitted. Ask your local dealer for advice.


## Door types and special accessories*

* Accessories are not included in the delivery specification.


| Door type | Accessories |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Up-and-over door | No special accessories required |
| 2 | Sectional door with single <br> guide rail | Sectional door fitting with <br> boomerang * |
| 2 | Sectional door with double <br> guide rail | Sectional door fitting without <br> boomerang * |

## Installation tips

- Check that all the parts have been supplied before you start installation work in order to save time and unnecessary work if a part is missing.
- Installation work can be carried out quickly and reliably by two people.
- The operator can be installed to one side of the door if it cannot be installed at the centre. In this regard, you must ensure that the door does not bend and thus jam in the guide rails.
Test: Open and close the door several times by hand, holding it at the point where you intend fitting the operator. If the door can be moved at this point without difficulty (in compliance with the prescribed forces), then the operator can be fitted.
- Emergency release:

If the garage has no separate entrance (e.g. slip-door), the user must be able to operate the emergency release mechanism from the outside. Consequently route the emergency release to the outside. This can be done with a Bowden cable or an emergency release lock. The backjump (DIP switch 6 ON) should always be activated in this process.

- Up-and-over doors

As the mechanical lock of a door with an operator must be dismantled or deactivated, it is possible to open the door manually up to app. 50 mm depending on the door design.
To counter this situation, spring latches can be installed that lock the door, in addition to the operator. These spring latches are connected to the operator via a locking set in order to first unlock the spring latches before the operator opens the door. Ask your dealer for advice.

Other pulse generators include: Remote control transmitters, Telecody, radio-operated interior switches and key-operated buttons. No connection line to the operator needs to be installed for the remote control transmitters, Telecody or radio-operated interior switches, ask your dealer.

Adjustment of the top roller in a sectional door


## Assembly



## Installation tips

- Determine the mounting points for the operator and the signal light control unit together with the operator.
- Determine the mounting point of the signal lights and additional accessories together with the operator.
- Do not install the housing where it can be seen from the street, otherwise passersby could damage the control unit.


## Accessories

Other pulse generators include: Remote control transmitters, Telecody, radio-operated interior switches and key-operated buttons. No connection line to the operator needs to be installed for the remote control transmitters, Telecody or radio-operated interior switches, ask your dealer.
1.1 Red / green signal light: Outside
1.2 Red / green signal light: Inside
2.1 Key-operated button, outside
2.2 Key-operated button, inside
3. Photoelectric cell
4. Junction box
5. Flagpole aerial (incl. $6 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{~m}$ or 16 m cable)
6. Release lock
7. Pull-cord switch
8. Telecody
9. Slip-door safety mechanism
10. Safety contact strip: 8.2 k Ohm or Fraba

Additional accessories on request.

## Installation

## Operator pre-installation

- Remove the operator from its packaging.

i
Dispose of the packaging correctly in accordance with local requirements.


When mounting C-rails, ensure that the uncoated inside is located opposite the chain.

- Slot two C-rails (1) into the connecting element (2) and push together as far as they will go.


2. Hook tensioner (1) in chain (2) and turn it $90^{\circ}$. Insert connecting element (6) and push tensioner (1) through it. Place plain washer (5) and spring (4) onto the tensioning bolt (3) and screw it into the tensioner (1).


- Tighten chain until the mark (arrow) is reached.- Mount bracket (2) with screw (1) and nut (3) on the connecting element (4).


- Unscrew two steel angle irons with length adjustment holes (1) and screw them onto ceiling bracket (2) as shown.
- Dismantle connecting rod (1):

Pull out retainer and remove bolt (3).

## Installing the operator



If the distance between the ceiling and the lower edge of the C-rail is greater than 245 mm , then extend the suspension bracket (with perforated steel strip).

7 - Determine door's highest up-position (DHP):
Open door and measure smallest clearance ( min .35 mm ) between top edge of door and ceiling. The clearance between the highest up-position and the bottom edge of the C-rails must be a min. of 5 mm and it may be a max. of 65 mm ; the push arm must be at a max. angle of $30^{\circ}$ (for up-and-over doors) (see Fig. 17)!
Please note that this distance might be smaller, if the door handle is located at the centre of the door. Ensure that the door can move freely.

## Installation



For installation on the ceiling (D), drill holes at distances of 15 mm , if possible.
Smaller angle of inclination of the fixing brackets.

- The operator can be mounted on the lintel (S) or ceiling (D).
- Measure front centre point (VM) of door and mark on door and on lintel or ceiling.


10. Mark points 74 mm to right and left of the centre of door (VM), and at same height on lintel or ceiling (see Fig. 8).

Wear safety goggles when drilling!
Check thickness of ceiling, particularly in the case of prefabricated garages!

- Drill two holes ( $\varnothing 10 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).
- Open door. Transfer door centre mark (HM) to ceiling. Close door.

- Insert plug (1). Lift up operator (2) at front. Secure lintel fitting (3) at the front with two screws (4) and plain washers (5).


Attention!
Always install operator parallel to the guide rails of the door.


- Lift up operator.
- Align ceiling bracket (1). It should be located within a range of ( $\mathrm{R}=0 . . .600 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).


## ©

Use a non-slip, stable stepladder!

Align operator mechanism horizontally to rear centre of door (HM). Mark position of holes.

Wear safety goggles when drilling!
Check thickness of ceiling, particularly in the case of prefabricated garages!

- Drill two holes ( $\varnothing 10 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).
- Insert plug (1). Fit two screws (2) with plain washers (3). Tighten screws (2) securely.
- Align C-rail (4) at correct height. If necessary, move screws (5). Tighten screws (5).


15 • Mount connecting rod (1):
Introduce bolt (2) and attach the retainer (3).

- Mount door fitting (4) insert bolt (5) and attach retainer (3).
- Pull once on the emergency release cord ( N ). This unlocks the trolley (1). Tighten screw (8) on lintel fitting.
- Use connecting rod (2) to push trolley (1) as far forward as possible (3). If necessary, release switch-trigger (4).
- Align angle of door fitting with centre of door (VM) and mark 5 drill holes. Drill 5 holes ( $\varnothing 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).


## Installation

Wear safety goggles when drilling!
Use screws that are suitable for the door material.

- Insert 5 hexagon-head screws (6) and tighten securely.
- Release switch-trigger (4) and push right up to trolley (7).
- Tighten switch-trigger buffer screw (4) securely.


Trim (e.g. saw off and debur) projecting part of ceiling bracket (4).

17 •

- Release rear switch-trigger buffer (1) and push right back to stop (2). Open door (3) by hand.
- Push switch-trigger (1) right up to trolley (5). Securely tighten screw on switch-trigger (1).


## Caution!

After installation, check the drive rail for dirt (e.g. drilling residue) and clean it, if necessary. Apply a little oil with conductive properties. See maintenance and care instructions.

## Mounting the control unit

i
Connect to mains voltage according to EN 12453 (all-pole separating fixture)

- Work on the control unit may only be executed if it is de-energised.
- Dry any moisture that has penetrated with a blower.
- Only qualified electricians may connect the control unit to the mains supply.
- Always install the control unit housing vertically, with the cable channels downward, without deformation of the housing, so that water cannot penetrate and so that the lid forms a watertight seal.
- Only attach the housing using the intended fixing points, do not drill through the rear wall of the housing. The housing will leak.



## Connect the signal light control unit to the operator

## Attention!

Always lay the cable separately from the house installation. Otherwise it is possible that the house installation can influence the function of the signal light control unit.

1
Permissible cable cross-sections for all terminals:
$0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$... $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


## Connecting the signal light control unit to the mains supply

1 Permissible cable cross-sections for all terminals: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$... $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


Description from left to right
Signal light control unit Mains supply: Input Terminal
L -> AC 220 ... 240 V
N -> Neutral conductor
PE -> Protective earth

Signal light control unit
Mains supply: Voltage tap mains power Terminal
PE -> Protective earth
N -> Neutral conductor
L -> AC $220 \ldots 240$ V

## Installation

## Signal light: installation + connection

A Please note!
Connect all signal lights to the signal light controller.


1
Permissible cable cross-sections for all terminals:
$1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$... $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$



## Inside button:

## Installation + connection

A When pushing the button, the user should not stand in the door's travel range and the user must have a clear view of the door.

- Never run button cable (length 7 m ) along a power cable as this can cause the control unit to malfunction. The control unit is shipped with the button cable connected.
- Lay button cable and secure in position.

- Install push-button (1) in an appropriate, easily accessible location in the garage. Minimum height from the floor: 1.6 m
- Install button cable (2) in garage. Connect end of cable to button (1).

1
Alternatively a pull-cord switch (3) can be installed. Minimum
height of the cable end from the ground: 1.6 m

## Installation

## Install the socket outlet

Socket may only be installed by a qualified electrician.
1 Protect socket with a fuse (16 A slow-blow).
A Observe the applicable VDE Regulations!


- Install socket (1) in the ceiling at a distance of app. 0.5 m to the control unit housing (2).
- Install and connect the connection cable from the socket outlet to the mains power supply.
Do not plug the connector into the socket outlet yet!


## Commissioning

## Safety instructions

After installing the operator, the person responsible for installation of the operator according to Machine Directive 98/37/EC must issue an EC Declaration of Conformity for the door system and affix the CE mark as well as a rating plate.
This also applies to doors installed for private purposes and in cases where the operator has been retrofitted to a manual door. These Instructions, as well as the operator's Installation and Operating Instructions should be kept by the user for reference purposes.

The force setting is relevant to the system's safety and must therefore be made with due care and attention. If the force setting is impermissibly high then people or animals can be injured and objects can be damaged.
Select the force setting that is as low as possible so that obstructions are quickly and safely recognised.

Risk of damage!
When operating the emergency release, it is possible that the door may open or close automatically due to the spring breaking or the weight balance being set incorrectly. Operator can suffer damage or be destroyed.

## Setting door OPEN + CLOSED end positions

While adjusting the settings, open and close the door manually. Do not operate it with the operator engaged.

The distance that the operator moves the door can be increased/reduced by using the switch-triggers $(1+4)$.
Check that the door opens and closes completely. If it does not, its travel must be adjusted.


## Door CLOSED end position

- Unlock the trolley if it is not unlocked. Pull once on emergency release cord ( N ). You should be able to move trolley back and forth manually.
- Shut the door manually.
- Loosen the switch trigger ( V ) and push the trolley forwards until it clicks in place (end switch trips), tighten the switch trigger (V).


## Door OPEN end position

- Open the door manually.
- Loosen the switch trigger $(\mathrm{H})$ and push the trolley forwards until it clicks in place (end switch trips), tighten the switch-trigger (H).
- Shut the door manually.
- Lock trolley (1): Pull the emergency release rope $(\mathrm{N})$ once. Move the trolley (1) by hand a little bit forward until the chain wheel engages with a loud clicking sound.


## "Teaching" the operator

The control unit is equipped with an automatic force setting facility. Whenever the door opens or closes, the control unit automatically reads in the force required and memorises it when the end position is reached.

- Turn on mains power: Operator and signal light control unit. Red signal light flashes if a force setting has not been "taught".


The first movement of the operator after applying voltage must always be door OPEN. If this is not the case, then swap the cables on terminals $12+13$.

- Press button (1), door opens until reaching door OPEN end position.
- Close door, push button (1).


## Reset the control unit



- Depress buttons $(1+2)$ until the red signal lights flash.
- Red signal lights flash, force settings have been deleted; release button (1 + 2).


## Perform the following sequence 2 x :

The red signal lights flash until operator has executed 2 complete cycles (cycle $=1 \mathrm{x}$ open +1 x close) without interruption.

- Push button (1) 1 x
door opens until the switch-trigger (H, door OPEN)
- Red signal lights flash.
- Push button (1) 1x door closes until reaching switch-trigger ( V , door CLOSED)
- Red signal lights flash.

When the red signal lights no longer flash, the force values are read in and saved.

The operator has been "taught" successfully!

## Commissioning

## Checking end positions OPEN + CLOSED

Operator travel can be increased/reduced by using the switch-trigger. Check that the door opens and closes completely. If it does not, its travel must be adjusted.


- Command transducers (for example button, hand transmitter etc.) activate 1x.
Door opens.
-Inside: Button connection 1 (terminals $2+3$ ) / radio channel 1 -Outside: Button connection 2 (terminals $4+5$ ) / radio channel 2
- Door closes automatically, after expiration of the set times (warning time, clearance time, and hold open time).
If the door does not reach the desired door OPEN + CLOSE end positions, then readjust the end positions. See section on "Adjusting OPEN + CLOSED end positions".


## Checking the emergency release

iIn vertical-sectional doors, you have the option of activating the backjump with DIP switch 6 in order to offload the operator system and the door. This is a simpler way to activate the emergency release.


- Close the door.
- Pull the emergency release (N) 1x.

If the emergency release cannot be operated, loosen the end switch (4) and move it in direction (7).

- Open the door with the operator and close it again. Test emergency release again.


## Checking the force setting

Whenever the door is opened or closed, the control unit compares the memorised force setting with the force actually needed and automatically adjusts the memorised setting accordingly when the end positions are reached.

Check See "Maintenance and Care"

## Setting the maximum force

It is only possible to make settings with the TorMinal. Reset the control unit prior to making any adjustments, otherwise you will not be able to change the values.

Check the force setting regularly, at least once a year, to ensure correct functioning. See the section on "Maintenance and Care".

If the force that is set is not sufficient to either fully open or close the door, then a specialist can increase the force with the TorMinal. Once this has been done, the new force setting needs to be measured in accordance with EN 12453.
The maximum force automatically comprises the force it has been "taught", augmented by the additional force set via the TorMinal. The highest value that can be set represents the greatest additional force, the lowest value that can be set represents the smallest additional force.

Once the force tolerance has been set, you may have to re-adjust the door OPEN and CLOSED end positions if the required position is not reached.
Adjustment with TorMinal

| Memory | Setting range | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 037 | $16-60$ | 48 |

Setting range:
16 minimum additional force
60 maximum additional force

## "Teaching" the remote control transmitter

Always delete the radio receiver completely prior to the initial "teaching" of hand transmitters.


## Deleting the radio receiver's memory

- Press "Learn" button (1) and keep it depressed.
-After 5 seconds the LED flashes (3.1 or 3.2) - after an additional 10 seconds the LED (3.1 or 3.2) lights up.
-After a total of 25 seconds, all the LEDs light up (3.1 + 3.2).
- Release "Learn" button (1) - delete process is complete.


## Commissioning

## "Teaching" remote control transmitters

- Push the "Learn" button (1)
$-1 x$ for channel 1 (inside), LED (3.1) lights up
$-2 x$ for channel 2 (outside), LED (3.2) lights up
- If a radio code is not transmitted within 10 seconds, then the receiver switches back to normal operating mode.
-Abort "Learning" mode: Press "Learn" button (1) until all LEDs go out.
- Depress the desired remote control transmitter button (5) until the LED goes out - depending on which channel has been selected. Remote control transmitter has transferred the radio code to the radio receiver.
- LED goes out - "Learning" process is complete.
"Teaching" additional remote control transmitters. Repeat the above steps. A maximum of 448 memory slots are available per radio receiver.


## Attaching instruction sign



- Attach the instruction label for the operation of the emergency release to the emergency release rope.


## Attaching warning sign



- Attach the warning signs (text + triangle sign) at a position where they are clearly visible, e.g. beside the push button (warning triangle) and on the door leaf (text + warning triangle).


## Operation and handling

## Safety instructions

- Keep children, disabled persons, and animals away from the door
- Keep your hands clear of a door in operation and any moving parts.
- Only drive into and out of the garage when the door is fully opened.
- There is a risk of persons getting trapped or cutting themselves in/on the door system's moving parts or the edges where it closes.


## Open and close the door



- Command transducers (for example button, manual transmitter, etc.) Activate 1 x .
Door opens.
- Inside: Button connection 1 (terminals $2+3$ ) / radio channel 1
-Outside: Button connection 2 (terminals $4+5$ ) / radio channel 2
- Door closes automatically after expiration of the set time (warning time, clearance time, and hold open time).


## Emergency release

Caution!
The emergency release mechanism may only be used
in the event of an emergency (power failure, drive failure, etc.) to open or close the door.
Do not use it to open and close the door in other situations, as this could damage the door or the drive mechanism.

Risk of damage!
When operating the emergency release, it is possible that the door may open or close on its own due to the spring breaking or the weight balance being set incorrectly. Operator can suffer damage or be destroyed.

1
The operator can be engaged or disengaged in any door position.


- Pull once on the emergency release cord ( N ): the operator disengages and the door can be opened manually.
- Pull on the emergency release cord ( N ) once again: The operator locks into position; door can only be moved with the operator.
- If door is fitted with a slip door but no safety mechanism for the slip door - then install a slip-door safety mechanism (see "Accessories").
- If the door does not have a slip door and if the garage does not have a second entrance - install a release lock or Bowden cable to provide outside release access (see "Accessories" instructions).

Resetting the control unit


After a control reset, the drive must be programmed again.

- Push buttons $(1+2)$ until the red signal lights flash.
- Red signal lights flash, force settings have been deleted; release button (1 + 2).


## Overload protection

If the operator is subjected to excessive strain when opening or closing the door, this is recognised by the control unit which then stops the operator. After app. 20 seconds or a control unit reset, the control unit deactivates the overload protection mechanism.
The operator can now recommence normal operation.

## Operation following a power failure

The force values remain in memory even during a power failure. The first travel movement of the operator following a power failure is always door OPEN.

## Setting the OPEN warning time

Adjustment with TorMinal *

| Memory slot (mem) | Setting range | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 027 | $0-255$ | 16 |
|  | $(0 \ldots 63.75$ seconds $)$ | $(4$ seconds $)$ |

## Setting the CLOSE warning time

Setting with TorMinal *

| Memory slot (mem) | Setting range | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 028 | $0-255$ | 20 |
|  | $(0 \ldots 63.75$ seconds $)$ | $(5$ seconds $)$ |

## Setting the clearance time

Setting with TorMinal *

| Memory slot (mem) | Setting range | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 032 | $0-255$ | 40 |
|  | $(0 \ldots 63.75$ seconds $)$ | $(10$ seconds $)$ |

## Setting the hold open time

Setting with TorMinal *

| Memory slot (mem) | Setting range | Factory setting |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 031 | $2-255$ | 30 |
|  | $(2 \ldots 255$ seconds $)$ | $(30$ seconds $)$ |

* TorMinal



## Priority switching with time relay

If priority switching is applied to a button input for a command side (inside or outside) with a time relay, then the operator recognises this.
Example: Priority switching from inside (exit).
The green phase for inside will be aborted after an outside command and outside gets the drive authorization. After expiration of the times for outside, inside automatically gets the drive authorization again.
See "Priority switching (DIP 3)"

## Radio receiver

If the controller/radio receiver is defective, then the stored radio codes can still be used by pulling off the memory module (7) and inserting it on the spare control unit.

iHomelink compatible! If your vehicle is equipped with a Homelink system (version 7), you can reach our drive/radio receiver at 868.6 MHz . With older Homelink systems, you must use a different frequency
 "http://www.eurohomelink.com".

## Safety instructions

- For safe operation you must comply with local safety guidelines that apply to this type of equipment! Information is provided by electrical power utilities, VDE (Association of German Engineers) and Employers' Liability Insurance Associations (or similar institutions).
- The operator of this radio-controlled equipment is in no way protected from interference from other telecommunications systems and facilities (e.g. other radio-controlled equipment that is licensed to operate at the same frequency range).
- Try replacing the batteries should reception problems be encountered.

Description of display and push-buttons

(1) "Learn" button

Puts radio receiver in a given operating mode:
"learn", delete and normal
(2) Internal aerial
(3) LED
indicates which channel has been selected.
(3.1) LED radio channel 1 (inside)
(3.2) LED radio channel 2 (outside)
(4) Connection for external aerial (6) If the transmission range is not sufficient with the internal antenna, then you can use an external antenna. See "Accessories".
(5) Manual remote control button
(6) External aerial
(7) Memory module for radio codes, insertable

## "Teaching" the remote control transmitter

- Press the "learn" button (1)
-Press 1x for channel 1; LED (3.1) lights up
- Press $2 x$ for channel 2; LED (3.2) lights up
- If a radio code is not transmitted within 10 seconds, then the receiver switches back to normal operating mode.
-Abort "Learning" mode: Press the "Learn" button (1) until all LEDs go out.
- Press and hold the desired remote control transmitter key (5), until the LED is off
- depending on the selected channel.

The respective code is transmitted to the radio receiver.

- LED goes out - "teaching" process is complete
"Teaching" additional remote control transmitters. Repeat the above steps. A maximum of 448 memory slots are available per radio receiver.


## Delete remote control transmitter button from radio receiver

If a user of a multi-user garage facility moves house and wants to take his remote control transmitter with him, then all the codes of the given user's remote control transmitter must be deleted from the radio receiver.

For security reasons, each button and/or combination of buttons of the remote control transmitter should be deleted!

- Press the "Learn" button (1) and keep it depressed for 5 seconds until an LED starts to flash (any LED)
- Release the "Learn" button (1) - radio receiver is in delete mode.
- Press the push-button on the remote control transmitter, the one whose code must be deleted on the radio receiver - LED goes out the delete process is complete. Delete process is ended

Repeat procedure for all push-buttons and combination of buttons.

## Operation and handling

## Deleting a channel from the radio receiver

- Press the "Learn" button (1) and keep it depressed.
-Press $1 x$ for channel 1; LED (3.1) lights up
-Press $2 x$ for channel 2; LED (3.2) lights up
-LED is illuminated depending on which channel has been selected. After 5 seconds, the LED starts to flash and then lights up after an additional 10 seconds.
- Release the "Learn" button (1) - delete process is complete.


## Deleting the radio receiver's memory

If a remote control transmitter is lost, then for security reasons all channels on the receiver must be deleted! After this has been done, all the remote control transmitters must be "re-taught" by the receiver.

- Press the "Learn" button (1) and keep it depressed.
-After 5 seconds the LED flashes (3.1 or 3.2) - after an additional 10 seconds the LED (3.1 or 3.2 ) lights up.
-After a total of 25 seconds, all the LEDs light up (3.1 + 3.2).
- Release the "Learn" button (1) - delete process is complete.


## Connecting an external aerial

- An external aerial can be fitted if the range of the radio receiver's internal aerial is insufficient.
- The aerial cable should not place any mechanical stress on the radio remote control receiver, attach a strain relief device.
- Connect the external aerial (6) to connection (4).


## General tips

- At delivery, all DIP switches are in OFF position. All additional functions are disabled.


## Obstruction in the door travel path: recognition and behaviour (DIP 1)



## Obstruction with door OPEN

If the door strikes an obstruction (force switch-off) or if the safety input is interrupted (e.g. someone trips the photoelectric cell), the drive recognises this and reacts according to setting of DIP switch 1.

|  | DIP switch 1: OFF | DIP switch 1: ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Safety input 1 (safety 1 ) Terminal $6+7$ | No reaction | Door stops if a photoelectric cell is connected. Red signal lights flash rapidly. With 8.2 k Ohm or Fraba strip there is no reaction. As soon as the obstruction is removed the operator continues its travel in door OPEN. Door closes after the times the expire. |
| Safety input 2 (Safety 2) <br> Terminals $8+9$ | Door stops Red signal lights flash rapidly Next command, operator travels in door CLOSE. | See OFF |
| Power switch-off | Door stops Next command, operator travels in door CLOSE. | See OFF |

## Obstruction with door CLOSE (DIP 1 without function)

If the door strikes an obstruction (force switch-off) or if the safety input is interrupted (e.g. someone trips the photoelectric cell), the operator recognises this and reacts.

| Safety input 1 (Safety 1) <br> Terminal $6+7$ | Door opens completely operator continues automatically in normal operating sequence after the obstruction has been removed. Operator moves to door CLOSED after the times expire. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Safety input 2 (Safety 2) <br> Terminal $8+9$ | No reaction |
| Power switch-off | Door opens completely Operator moves to door CLOSED after the times expire. |

## Safety connection function 1 (DIP 2)

In OFF position, the operator recognises automatically whether a photoelectric cell or an 8.2 k Ohm strip is connected.

DIP switch 2 (terminals 6 + 7)
OFF Photoelectric cell / 8.2 k Ohm
ON Fraba strip

## Priority switching (DIP 3)

If inside has green and a command comes from outside, the green phase inside is aborted and after the clearance time, it is switched to green for outside.
Implementation example:
Very short driveway, car protrudes into the street.

(1)This priority switching is also active if a permanent signal (continuous exit authorization) is applied to button connection 1 ).

DIP switch 3
OFF Deactivated
ON Activated

## Premature closing (DIP 4)

5 seconds after driving through the photoelectric cell (connection on safety input 1: terminal $6+7$ ) the door closes. Time is adjustable with TorMinal (mem 030).
DIP switch 4 has priority over DIP switch 5
DIP switch 4
OFF Deactivated
ON Activated

## Extending the hold open time (DIP 5)

5 seconds after driving through the photoelectric cell (connection on safety input 1: terminals $6+7$ ) the hold open time is extended by 5 seconds. Time is adjustable with TorMinal (mem 030).
DIP switch 4 must be OFF.
DIP switch 5
OFF Deactivated
ON Activated

## Back jump (DIP 6)

With sectional doors, or doors with ceiling guides, you have the option of activating the backjump with DIP switch 6 in order to offload the operator and door mechanisms. This is a simpler way to activate the emergency release.

This feature is used to off-load the door and operator mechanism. The operator travels briefly backward in the door OPEN direction once it has reached the door CLOSED end position, thus relieving the strain on the mechanism. Time is adjustable with TorMinal (mem 033).

## DIP switch 6

OFF Deactivated
ON Activated

## Display type red signal light (DIP 7)

Red signal lights (inside and outside) light up when the door is closed.

## DIP switch 7

OFF Deactivated
ON Activated

## Test mode (DIP 8)

All signal light functions are switched off: Warning, clearance and hold open time. Thus the operator can be adjusted or serviced without the signal light functions hindering the work or causing them to be improperly adjusted.
In test mode operation is switched off via radio channels $1+2$ and button 2 , only button 1 (command inside) is active.

DIP switch 8
OFF Normal mode
ON Test mode

## Connections

## Terminal bar, 24-pole

- Permissible cable cross-section: Max $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


Terminal 1
Antenna connection 40 MHz
$2+3$ Button 1 (inside) *
$4+5$ Button 2 (outside)
$6+7$ Safety input 1 (bridge) *
$8+9$ Safety input 2 (bridge) *
$10+11$ Regulated 24 V/DC, max. 0.1 A
$12+13$ Chain (12) + rail (13) *
$14+15$ Transformer, secondary *
16
17 SIG 0 *
18
19 SIG 1 *
$20+21$ Regulated 12 V/DC, max. 0.1 A
22
23 GND (Earth) *
24 SIG 2 *

* Factory settings


## Trolley board



| Terminal | 1 | Power supply to chain |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2 | Power supply to rail |
|  | $3+4$ | Limit switch door OPEN |
| 5 | Motor cable |  |
| 6 | Motor cable |  |
| $7+8$ | Limit switch door CLOSED |  |

## Connect button 1 (inside)

Use the contact only for potential-free normally closed contacts. External voltage may damage or even destroy the control unit.
Delivery status: The push-button cable is connected to push-button 1.


Terminal $2+3$ Connection button 1 (inside)

## Connect button 2 (outside)

Use the contact only for potential-free normally closed contacts. External voltage may damage or even destroy the control unit.
Delivery status: free


Terminal $4+5 \quad$ Connection button 2 (outside)

## Connecting photoelectric cell 1

Delivery status: Jumper


Terminal $6+7$ tested connection for potential-free contacts, only if DIP switch 2 is set to OFF
Terminal 10 regulated DC 24 V , max. 0,1 A
Terminal 11: Earth
Settings: see "Obstruction in door travel path"

## Connect 8.2 k Ohm strip

Delivery status: Jumper
Analysis 8.2 k Ohm. Connection without special analyzer.


Terminal $6+7$ Tested adapter for 8.2 kOhm resistor; DIP switch 2 set to OFF
Settings: see "Obstruction in door travel path"

## Connections

## Connecting photoelectric cell 2

Delivery status: Jumper


Terminal $8+9$ Tested connection for potential-free contacts, only reacts if door is open
Terminal 10 regulated 24 V DC, max. 0.1 A
Terminal 11: Earth

## Chain and C-rail

Delivery status: Supplied connected as standard.


Terminals 12
Chain
Terminals 13 C-rail
Swap the connections when using the drive on an up-and-over door

## 24 Volt Connection

Delivery status: free


Terminal 10
regulated 24 V DC, max. 0.1 A
Terminal 11
Earth

## Transformer

Delivery status: Supplied connected as standard.


[^1]12 Volt Connection
Delivery status: free


Terminal 20
Terminal 21
regulated $D C 12 \mathrm{~V}$, max. $0,1 \mathrm{~A}$ Earth

## Connecting an external aerial

Delivery status: free


## TorMinal interface

Functions, see accessories.


## Connecting Fraba system



Terminals 6

Terminals 20
Terminals 21

Cable green from the Fraba system only if DIP switch 2 is ON
Cable brown from the Fraba system (DC 12V)
Fraba white system cable (ground)

## Connections

## Variant 1: Fraba system + photoelectric cell



Terminal 6
Cable green from the Fraba system via photoelectric cell only if DIP switch 2 is ON
Terminal 10
Terminal 11:
Terminal 20 Cable brown from the Fraba system (DC 12V)
Terminal 21 Cable white from Fraba system (Earth)
Settings: see section on "Obstruction in door travel path"

## Connections for signal light controller 1

- Permissible cable cross-section: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$... $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


Connection strip for the signal lights (incl. mains supply) and potential-free relay contact (e.g. garage lighting).

## Terminal

Designation/function
Mains supply
L (1)
AC 220 ... 240 V
N(2)
Neutral conductor
PE (3)
Protective earth
Voltage tap mains power
PE (4)
Protective earth
N (5) Neutral conductor
L (6) AC 220 ... 240 V
Signal light connections (max. $2 \times 40 \mathrm{~W}$ each)
N(7)
Neutral conductor GI
GI (8) Signal light green inside
N (9) Neutral conductor RI
RI (10) Signal light red inside
N (11) $\quad$ Neutral conductor RI
GA (12) Signal light green outside
N (13) Neutral conductor RA
RA (14) Signal light red outside
Potential-free relay contact
Light (15 + 16)

## Connections for signal light controller 2

- Permissible cable cross-section: $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \ldots 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.


Connection strip for control cable that comes from the operator.
Terminal SIG 0 Terminal 17 on control unit SIG 1 Terminal 19 on control unit
SIG 2 Terminal 24 on control unit
$\perp$ Terminal 23 on control unit

## Special functions

## Cycle counter

## Maintenance monitoring

These functions and other functions or settings can only be made with the TorMinal.

## Example: garage lighting

- Permissible cable cross-section: $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$... $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ Stairwell light - timer "Eltako TLZ12.1-230V+8..24V UC"



## Potential-free relay contact

Terminal Light ( $15+16$ )
Can be used for controlling a stairwell light timer/time relay. The contact is closed for 1 second.

## Accessories

The accessories depicted here are not included in the scope of delivery. They must be ordered separately.


1
Other pulse generators include: Remote control transmitters, Telecody, radio-operated interior switches and key-operated buttons. No connection line to the operator needs to be installed for the remote control transmitters, Telecody or radio-operated interior switches, ask your dealer.

1 Red / green signal light
2 Key-activated button (1 contact or 2 contact)
3. Photoelectric cell
4. Junction box
5. Flagpole aerial (incl. $6 \mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{~m}$ or 16 m cable)
6. Release lock
7. Pull-cord switch
8. Telecody
9. Slip-door safety mechanism
10. Safety contact strip: 8.2 k Ohm or Fraba
11. TorMinal

Additional accessories on request.

## 9. Slip-door safety mechanism

Attention!
Always connect the slip-door safety mechanism to safety input 2 (terminals $8+9$ ). If the slip-door safety mechanism is connected to the trolley, then the operator will not recognise the door position.
(i)

Always connect the slip door switch as opener.


Terminal $8+9$

## Accessories

11. TorMinal

| Memory slot Mem | Setting range Val | Description of respective functions | Default setting = Val marathon tiga SL(X) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 003 | - 1) | Force taught when opening gate/door (OPEN) | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 004 | - ${ }^{1)}$ | Force taught when closing gate/door (CLOSE) | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 005 | - ${ }^{1)}$ | Runtime when opening gate/door (OPEN) Value in steps of 0.25 seconds <br> Example: value shown $40=10$ seconds | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 006 | - ${ }^{1)}$ | Runtime when closing gate/door (CLOSE) <br> Value in steps of 0.25 seconds <br> Example: value shown $40=10$ seconds | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 011 | - ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ | Cycle counter (ZO) <br> Number of cycles: counter status times 16.536 | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 012 | - ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ | Cycle counter (Z1): <br> Number of cycles in total: 256 | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 013 | - ${ }^{\text {2) }}$ | Cycle counter (Z2) counts from 0 to 255 Total number of cycles: <br> $Z 0 \times 16.536+Z 1 \times 256+Z 2=$ number of cycles | $255{ }^{3)}$ |
| 017 | 0-255 | Length of soft run from gate/door end OPEN position or gate/door end CLOSE position Up until acceleration to maximum speed 0 - no soff run, 255 - max. length | 0 |
| 018 | 0-8 | Length of soft run ramp <br> High value = long ramp, low value = short ramp | 4 |
| 019 | 15-60 | Soft run speed when opening | 25 |
| 020 | 15-60 | Maximum speed when opening | $55^{4)}$ |

## Note!

Memory position (020) can only be modified after the control system has been reset (force values deleted). Such a system reset cannot be completed with the TorMinal software.
${ }^{1)}$ Value displayed cannot be changed, and is read and memorised by the control unit when the force values and travel times are taught.
${ }^{2)}$ Value displayed cannot be changed.
${ }^{3)}$ Value factory-set. Once the force values and travel time have been taught, the values that are actually needed are then memorised.
${ }^{4)}$ Perform reset, otherwise these values cannot be changed.

## Accessories

| Memory slot <br> Mem | Setting <br> range <br> Val | Description of respective <br> functions | Default setting = Val <br> marathon tiga SL(X) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 021 | $0-40$ | Start of soft run ramp for gate/door end <br> OPEN position <br> Start of soft run ramp prior to drive mechanism moving into <br> gate/door end OPEN position. Adjustable in steps of <br> 0.25 seconds. | Start of soft run ramp |
| 022 | $15-60$ | Start from gate/ <br> door end <br> OPEN position <br> Soft run speed when closing <br> Start of soft run ramp for gate/door end <br> door end |  |
| 023 | $15-60$ |  | 25 |

## Note!

Memory position (023) can only be modified after the control system has been reset (force values deleted). Such a system reset cannot be completed with the TorMinal software.

| 024 | 0-40 | Start of soft run ramp for gate/door end CLOSE position <br> Start of soft run ramp prior to drive mechanism moving into gate/door end CLOSE position. Adjustable in steps of 0.25 seconds. | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 026 | 0-255 | Cycle counter for maintenance <br> Indication of a set value which when reached should activate the maintenance signal. <br> Example: input of a set value of 2 means that after 512 cycles the equipment should be serviced. If the next service is required after a further 512 cycles, then a value of 4 has to be input during the given maintenance session. | 0 |
| 027 | 0-255 | Early warning period OPEN Duration of early warning period, adjustable in steps of 0.25 seconds. $4=1$ second, $40=10$ seconds | 16 |
| 028 | 0-255 | Early warning period CLOSE Duration of early warning period, adjustable in steps of 0.25 seconds. $4=1$ second, $40=10$ seconds | 20 |
| 030 | 1-20 | Closing time with light barrier or extension of gate open time Depending on DIP switch positions 4 or 5 , whereby DIP switch 4 has precedence: <br> DIP 4 OFF: Standard gate open time DIP 4 ON: Gate closes $X$ seconds after the light barrier has been triggered. DIP 5 OFF: Standard gate open time DIP 5 ON: After the light barrier has been triggered, the gate open time is extended by $X$ seconds <br> Adjustable in steps of 1 second. | 5 |

## Accessories

| Memory slot Mem | Setting range Val | Description of respective functions | Default setting = Val marathon tiga SL(X) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 031 | 2-255 | Gate open time Adjustable in steps of 1 second. | 30 |
| 032 | 0-255 | Clearing time <br> Adjustable in steps of 0.25 seconds. | 40 |
| 033 | 0-255 | Back jump <br> Adjustable in steps of 1 millisecond. | 20 |
| 034 | 4-255 | Reversing period <br> Duration of reversing period when safety input has been tripped or when automatic power cut-off occurs. Adjustable in steps of 0.25 seconds. | 8 |
| 035 | 0-255 | 1. Switching soft run ramps ON or OFF <br> This function enables the soft run ramps to be switched ON or OFF individually. <br> All soft run ramps (1-4) activated $=15$ <br> Ramp 1 (start from gate/door end CLOSE position) ON = 1 <br> Ramp 2 (stop in gate/door end OPEN position) ON = 2 <br> Ramp 3 (start from gate/door end OPEN position) ON $=4$ <br> Ramp 4 (stop in gate/door end CLOSE position) ON = 8 <br> Setting and memorising required values <br> Example 1: <br> Switch off ramp 1 + ramp 2: <br> 15-1-2 = 12, input and memorise this value (12). <br> Example 2: <br> Switch on ramp $2+$ ramp 4: <br> $2+8=10$, input and memorise this value (10). <br> 3. Maintenance monitoring <br> Before the maintenance monitoring mode can be activated, the number of cycles requiring monitoring needs to be set on memory slot 026. <br> - monitoring function OFF <br> - monitoring maintenance cycles $=64$ <br> - maintenance alarm has been activated = 128 <br> When the maintenance alarm has been activated, the value set on memory slot 035 is increased by 128. <br> Deleting maintenance alarm: reduce value set on memory slot 035 by 128 . | 15 |
| 037 | 16-60 | Force tolerance <br> Adjustable additional force tolerance $16=$ min. additional force, $48=$ max. additional force | $48{ }^{4)}$ |
| Note! <br> Memory position (037) can only be modified after the control system has been reset (force values deleted). Such a system reset cannot be completed with the TorMinal software. |  |  |  |

## Maintenance and Care

## Important information

Never use a hose or a high-pressure cleaner to spray down the operator or the control unit housing.
Every $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ cycles, check the contact springs of the trolley for wear.

- Always disconnect the mains plug prior to working on the operator mechanism.
- Never use alkaline solutions or acids for cleaning purposes.
- Wipe operator clean with a dry cloth as required.
- Keep your hands clear of a door in operation and any moving parts.
- There is a risk of persons trapping or cutting themselves in/on the door system's moving parts or edges where it closes.
- All fixing screws on the operator should be checked for firm seat and tightened if necessary.
- Check the door in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.


## Cleaning the chain and drive unit rail



- The chain (7) or the drive rail (8) is dirty - clean it with a cloth.
- If required, lubricate the chain (7) and the drive rail (8) with conductive oil.
Do not use grease!
Recommended oil types: Ballistol, WD40 contact spray


## Changing fuses

## Motor control unit

- Disconnect plug from socket.

- Remove control unit lid (1). Remove screws (2).
- Pull out control unit (3).
- Replace defective fuse; fuses 1 A fast-acting.


## Maintenance and care

## Regular checks

Check safety devices regularly, (at least $1 x$ annually), to ensure they function correctly (e.g. BGR 232).
Safety devices that are sensitive to pressure (e.g. safety switch unit) should be checked every four weeks to ensure that they function correctly; see EN 60335-2-95.

| Test | Behaviour | yes/no | Possible cause | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power switch-off <br> Door wing to stop when closing with a 50 mm high object. | Operator reverses when encountering the object | yes | - Force switch-off functions without limitations | - Leave all settings as they are. |
|  |  | no | - Force tolerance set too high. <br> - Door is incorrectly adjusted | Reduce the force tolerance. Decrease the setting with TorMinal. Beforehand, open and close the door completely $2 x$ under supervision. <br> See section on "Setting maximum force" <br> - Adjust door, call a specialist! |
| Emergency Release |  |  |  |  |
| Procedure as described in the section on "Emergency release". | Emergency release can be easily activated (pull 1x, operator is unlocked) | yes | - Everything is in order! |  |
|  |  | no | - Operator pushes the door closed. Door and operator mechanisms are strained. <br> - Emergency release is defective. <br> - Door jams | - Adjust end switch for door CLOSED, or activate backjump (DIP switch 6 ON). <br> - Repair emergency release. <br> - Check door, see maintenance instructions for the door. |
| Safety contact strip if present |  | yes | - Everything is in order! |  |
| Open/close door and activate the strip in the process. | Behaviour of the door as set on DIP switch 1. <br> Safety LED lights up |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - DIP switch incorrectly adjusted <br> - Strip is defective | - Correctly adjust DIP switch <br> - Remove door operator from operation and ensure that it cannot restart by accident. Contact after-sales service! |
| Photoelectric cell, 1 if present |  | yes | - Everything is in order! |  |
| Open/close door and activate the photoelectric cell in the process. | Behaviour of the door as set on DIP switch 1. Safety LED lights up |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - DIP switch is set incorrectly <br> - Photoelectric cell is dirty <br> - Photoelectric cell is out of adjustment (bent bracket) <br> - Defective photoelectric cell | - Set DIP switch correctly <br> - Clean photoelectric cell <br> - Correctly adjust photoelectric cell <br> - Remove door operator from operation and ensure that it cannot restart by accident. Contact after-sales service! |
| Photoelectric cell 2 if present |  | yes | - Everything is in order! |  |
| Open/close door and activate the photoelectric cell in the process. | Door stops Red signal lights flash rapidly Next command, operator moves in door CLOSED. Safety LED lights up |  |  |  |
|  |  | no | - Broken cable, loose terminal <br> - DIP switch is set incorrectly <br> - Photoelectric cell is dirty <br> - Photoelectric cell is out of adjustment (bent bracket) <br> - Defective photoelectric cell | - Check wiring, tighten terminal connection. <br> - Set DIP switch correctly <br> - Clean photoelectric cell <br> - Correctly adjust photoelectric cell <br> - Remove door operator from operation and ensure that it cannot restart by accident. Contact after-sales service! |

## Miscellaneous

## Disassembly

Observe safety instructions!

The work procedure is the same as in the "Assembly" section however in the reverse sequence. The adjustment work described is not necessary.

## Correct disposal

Observe appropriate local regulations!

## Warranty and after-sales service

The warranty granted complies with statutory requirements. Contact your local dealer for any warranty claims.
Warranty entitlements only apply to the country in which the given operator was purchased.
Batteries, fuses and bulbs are not covered by the warranty.
If you require customer service, spare parts, or accessories, then please contact your dealer.
We have tried to make the assembly and operating instructions as clear as possible. If you have suggestions for a better format, or if information is missing in the assembly and operating instructions, then please send us your suggestions:
Fax: 0049 / 7021 / 8001-403
email: doku@sommer.eu

## Help in case of malfunction

## Troubleshooting tips

Homelink compatible!
If your vehicle is equipped with the latest Homelink system (version 7), you can reach our drive/radio receiver at 868.6 MHz. With older Homelink versions, you must use a different frequency ( $\mathbf{4 0 . 6 8 5}$ or $\mathbf{4 3 4 . 4 2 \mathrm { MHz } \text { ). For more information, please visit }}$ "http://www.eurohomelink.com" or contact your stockist.

Many problems can be solved by a control unit reset (deletion of force values) and subsequent reprogramming of the operator!

Should you be unable to find and eliminate the fault with the help of this table, then take the following steps:

- Perform a complete control unit reset (deletion of programmed force values) and "re-teach" the operator.
- Disconnect any accessories that may have been connected (e.g. light barrier) and reconnect the jumper if there is a safety connection.
- Set all DIP switches to default settings (OFF).
- If settings have been changed using the TorMinal, reset the control unit using the TorMinal.
- Check all connections to the direct terminal strip and tighten as needed.

You can resolve malfunctions on the operator according to the following table. If you are encountering any difficulties, contact your stockist or visit "www.sommer.eu" for support.

| Fault | Possible cause | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Red signal lights flash | Operator is not programmed, no force values are saved | Teaching the Operator. See section on commissioning |
|  | No mains power is present on the operator. LED power off | Plug in power plug |
| Operator does not function | No mains power is present on the operator. LED power off | Plug in power plug |
|  | No control unit installed | Install control unit |
|  | Fuse in garage circuit has tripped | Replace fuse, use a different device e.g. electric drill, to check the power supply |
|  | Photoelectric cell tripped, safety LED lights up | Eliminate interruption |
|  | Safety switch unit (8.2 Kohm) defective or DIP switch 2 is ON; safety LED is lit | Replace safety contact strip; set DIP switch 2 to ON |
|  | Fraba system activated but photoelectric cell or safety switch unit ( 8.2 kOhm) is onnected; safety LED is lit | Switch off Fraba system; set DIP switch 2 to OFF |
| Operator does not function when operated with remote control unit | Battery in remote control transmitter is flat | Change battery |
|  | Remote control transmitter has not been "taught" to radio receiver | Teach remote control transmitter |
|  | Wrong radio frequency | Check frequency ( 40 MHz with wire aerial; 868 MHz without external aerial) |
|  | Command is permanently applied because the button is jammed. Start LED is illuminated | Release button, replace manual transmitter (remove battery) |
|  | No mains power | Plug in power plug |
| Operator does not function when operated using push-button | Push-button not connected or defective | Connect push-button or replace |
|  | No mains power | Plug in power plug |
| Operator stops at door CLOSED and completely opens the door | Obstruction has tripped automatic force cut-off | Remove obstruction |
|  | Incorrect force values "taught" or force tolerance is too low | Delete force values and "teach" new ones. Increase force tolerance only if these measures prove ineffective. See the "Setting Maximum Force" section |
|  | Switch-trigger set incorrectly | Reset switch-trigger; see "Setting Limit Switches" section |
|  | Door is incorrectly adjusted or is defective (e.g. spring shaft) | Have door adjusted correctly or repaired by a person qualified to do so |
| Operator stops at door OPEN | Obstruction has tripped automatic force switch-off | Remove obstruction. The operator will close the door with the next command. |
|  | Incorrect force values "taught" or force tolerance is too low | Delete force values and "teach" new ones. Increase force tolerance only if these measures prove ineffective. See the "Setting Maximum Force" section |
|  | Switch-trigger set incorrectly | Reset switch-trigger; see "Setting Limit Switches" section |
|  | Connected safety fixture is tripped and DIP switch 1 is set to ON | Eliminate interruption or set DIP switch 1 to OFF |

## Help in case of malfunction

| Fault | Possible cause | Remedy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operator does not close door | Mains power photoelectric cell is tripped | Check connection replace fuse |
|  | Power supply to photoelectric cell interrupted | The first command issued after the mains supply has been restored always has the operator fully open the door |
|  | Permanent signal on button input $1 / 2$ | - Connected button defective - replace |
|  | or radio channel $1 / 2$. Start LED lights | - Remote control transmitter defective or there is interference |
|  | up. | - Timer connected |
| Operator opens the door, then there is no more reaction on one command with key or remote control transmitter | Safety input tripped | - Remove obstruction from photoelectric cell path |
|  | (e.g. photocell defective) | -....epair photoelectric cell |
|  | Safety LED lights up |  |
|  | Totally normal | Operator closes the door automatically, after expiration of the times (hold open time, clearance time, and warning time) |
|  | Door CLOSED limit switch in the trolley defective | Replace limit switch |
| The drive closes the door; subsequently no response to pressing of button or radio transmitter | Door OPEN limit switch in the trolley defective | Replace limit switch |
| Opening or closing speed varies | Operator starts slowly and then picks up speed | Soft run" mode - completely normal. |
|  | Chain rail is dirty | Clean rail and re-lubricate, see "Maintenance and Care" section |
|  | Chain rail has been lubric........................................................... wrong oil | Clean rail and re-lubricate, see "Maintenance and Care" section |
|  | Chain tension incorrect | Tension chain, see "Assembly" |
| Operator does not terminate "Learn" sequence. | End positions set incorrectly | Adjust end positions (see general instructions in "Commissioning"). |
| "Start" LED is continuously on | Continuous signal on button connection 1 or 2 | Check connected buttons (e.g. key-activated button, if connected) |
|  | Permanent signal from radio receiver, LEDs 3.1 or 3.2 on the radio receiver light up. Radio signal is being received; a remote control transmitter button might be defective or an external signal is received. | - Remove battery from the remote control transmitter <br> - Wait until the external signal decays |
| Radio receiver only!! | All memory slots are occupied |  |
| All LEDs are flashing | (max. 448 positions) | - Delete the data of all radio control devices that are not in use <br> - Install additional radio rece.................................. |
| LED 3.1 or 3.2 is continuously on | Radio signal is being received; a remote control transmitter button might be defective or an external signal is received | - Remove battery from the remote control transmitter <br> - Wait until the external signal ceases |
| LED 3.1 or 3.2 is continuously on | Radio receiver is in "learning" mode and expects a code signal from a remote control device | Press desired button on remote control transmitter |
| Traffic lights not working | Traffic light control not powered ( 230 V AC) | Repair power supply |
|  | Traffic light control fuse defective | Replace fuse |
|  | Wrong drive control system | Traffic light control only works in conjunction with tiga control system |
| Traffic light behaviour incorrect | Four-wire control line connected incorrectly; wires not or incorrectly connected | Check connections |

## Schematic diagram




[^0]:    - Goggles (for drilling)
    - Protective gloves (for handling cut perforated steel strips, etc.)

[^1]:    Terminals $14+15$ Transformer, secondary

